

## OBJECTIVE:

Students will learn that there are types of resources in the world: renewable and non-renewable.

Conservation means that must use resources wisely. It does not mean that we shouldn't use them at all.

Air, Soil, and Water are our most precious non-renewable resources. We cannot live without them.

## CONSERVATION

Today's lesson is about the conservation of our natural resources.
Who can tell me conservation means?
-the careful preservation and protection of something-
Who can tell me what a resource is?
-a new or reserve source of supply of something we use-


## CONSERVATION

The resources that we use to survive here on Earth can be divided into two broad categories.

The first is Renewable Resources.
renewable means that we can make or grow more of something
when it is used up.
The second is Non-renewable Resources.
non-renewable means that once this resource is used up, we cannot make any more of it. It is gone forever.


## CONSERVATION

Renewable Resources

- trees for building - plants for food
- plants for clothing
- plants for fuel
- animals for food
- animals for clothing
- animals for transport
- glass (made from sand)


```Non-Renewable Resources
- oil
- metals
- soil
- air
- water
```


some before advancing. Remind them that we can grow/make more renewable resources. Do the same thing for nonrenewable resources.


## CONSERVATION

Everyone can think of Recycle, but have you heard of the 3 R's ?
Reduce
To buy things with less packaging or buy things in larger sized
containers so that there is less waste to throw away.
Reuse
Things such as books, clothing, boxes, containers, etc. can be used for other purposes or given to someone else to use after we are through with them
Recycle
Items such as paper, plastic, steel, aluminum, cardboard, etc. can be broken down and made into new products.

## CONSERVATION



## CONSERVATION

Do you know the difference between these two symbols?


A product with this symbol is made of material that can be recycled.

After the first line appears, ask the class what resources they have used today. Now we start talking about conservation.

Ask the class to name the 3 R's, reduce, reuse, and recycle. After these terms appear, ask the class to define them. Discuss which of these things the students (or you) do at home on a regular basis.

After asking the class the initial question, let them name some more things that they do at home that are not on our list.

The symbol on the right means that product has been made with some recycled material. The symbol on the left means that product is made out of a material that can be recycled. Discuss how these symbols might influence our buying habits.


Now we switch to talking about water. Stress to the class that all living things must have water to survive and that water is a non-renewable resource.


After going of the remaining pictures, ask the class 'Just how much of the Earth's water is available for use to drink?'

Stress to the class that less than $1 \%$ of the Earth's water is avail able for us to drink. In money terms, if all the water on Earth were represented by a dollar bill, less that 1 penny is available for us to drink. Ask the class why this is. (most of our the Earth's water is saltwater or locked up in ice) Discuss some ways we can conserve water.

## CONSERVATION

Here is an interesting final thought on why we should conserve water
There is a finite amount of water on Earth, that is, the amount of water we have no is the amount of water we have always had and it is what we will always have.

Water is 'recycled' through the water cycle (rain, evaporation, etc).
So.... The water we have now is the same water the dinosaurs drank.
Kind of makes you think about things a little more, huh?


## CONSERVATION

When Mother Nature gets angry....


Conserve, or elsel


Slowly go over the closing thoughts. Try to get the kids to think about what they just learned.

## Just for Fun!!

Add your own caption.

This is the water puzzle. Explain to the class how to work a crossword puzzle. If showing this on a Smartboard, you can write in the letters on the board. You may divide the class into two teams, the Ups and the Downs. Let them compete to solve the puzzle.


